Brooklands Primary School

Knowledge Organiser - Science: Plants



Year 1 - Spring Term

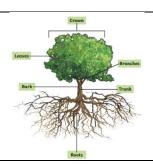
Key ideas (over learning with seasonal changes / new learning focusing on plants)		
Seasonal changes	Changes through Winter- Spring	
Observes changes in weather	Weather changes Winter- Spring	
Describe weather associated with the seasons	Weather associated with Winter and Spring	
Describe the structure of plants	Name and identify key parts of a plant	
How plants grow	Describe what plants need to grow	
Identify and name common trees	Name and identify features of evergreen and deciduous	
	trees	
Identify and describe the structure of trees	Describe the structure and parts of trees.	
Name and identify common wild and garden plants	Describe features of different plants	

Key facts		
The main parts of a plant are the flower, stem, leaves and roots.	Parts of plant Flower Leaf Fruit Stem Root	
Life cycle of a flowering plant	Seeds on greed and as the thing can gave where the green gave where the green gave where the green gave the gre	

Plants are grown to produce food to eat.

Plants need water, soil and sunlight to grow.

The main parts of a tree are the roots, trunk, bark, branches, leaves and crown.



The weather changes between every season.

Changes in weather can be measured by tools and equipment.

Tools and equipment can be used to gather information about how the weather changes, for example rain gauge.

A weather report describes the weather conditions in parts of the country.



Enquiry Questions - Plants

Can you identify and classify the types of trees that are located around the school grounds?

How long does it take for seeds and beans to germinate?

Key vocabulary		
Plant	A living organism for example trees, shrubs	
Wild Plant	A wild plant seed grows where it falls. It doesn't need to be planted or cared for as it grows.	
Garden Plant	Garden plants are plants that people choose to grow in their gardens. Possibly not native to	
	that country.	
Weed	Weeds are wild plants that grow in places where people do not want them.	
Sunlight	Light from the sun	
Soil	The layer of earth in which plants grow	
Absorb	Soak up water	
Roots	The part of a plant which attaches it to the ground soaking up water and nourishment for	
7, 7,	the rest of the plant	
Stem	The main body of the plant.	
Leaves	The part of the plant attached to the stem that absorbs sunlight.	
Flower	The part of the plant that contains the seeds. Often brightly coloured.	
Tree	A tree is a plant with an elongated stem, or trunk, supporting branches and leaves	
Evergreen	A plant that has leaves throughout the years that are always green.	
Deciduous	Trees and shrubs that seasonally shed leaves, usually in the autumn	
Trunk	The trunk supports the tree and transports water and nutrients to the leaves.	
Bark	The bark stops the water escaping from the tree. It also protects the inside of the tree trunk	
	from bacteria, insects and disease.	
Branches	The branches help to transport water to the leaves. They also provide support for leaves to	
	spread out and capture as much sunlight as they can.	
Crown	The crown of a tree is the leafy part at the top of the tree made up of leaves and branches.	
Rain gauge	A piece of equipment used to gather and measure rainfall.	
Wind sock	A piece of equipment to measure wind speed.	







Enquiry Question – Seasonal Changes

Record the times the sun rises and sets over a set period of time, what do you notice?