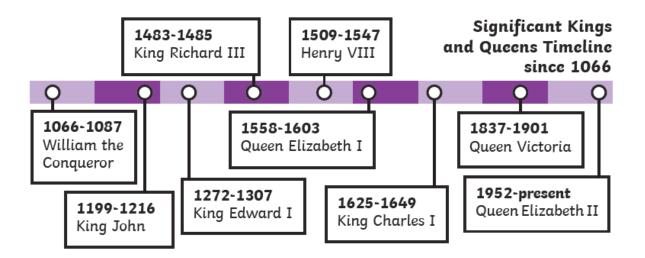


Kings, Queens and

-



King John

Lived from 1166 - 1216

King of England 1199 - 1216



What are taxes?

Money paid to the king or queen.

Queen Elizabeth I



He became king after the death of his brother, Richard I, also known as 'Richard the Lionheart'.

He kept raising <u>taxes</u> to pay for his battles in France.



King John signed the Magna

<u>Carta</u> – a list of rules stating that everyone, including the king, must obey the law.

Lived from 1533 - 1603

Queen from 1558 - 1603

Last monarch of the House of Tudor

Father: Henry VIII

Mother: Anne Boleyn







Queen Victoria

Lived from 1819 - 1901

Queen from 1837 - 1901

Queen Victoria is Britain's second longest reigning monarch (63 years)

The longest reigning monarch was Queen Elizabeth II (70 years)

Enquiry questions:

Why is the Magna Carta still important today?

How did Britain compare under the rule of Queen Elizabeth I and Queen Victoria?

Key Vocabulary	
Throne	A special chair for a king or queen, or another very important person
Sceptre	An ornamented (decorated) rod carried by rulers on special occasions
Monarch	A head of state, especially a king or queen
Reign	The time that a person is in charge and rules over the country
Barons	An important person who has land
The Magna Carta	A written agreement that was signed by King John
Civil War	A war between people who live in the same country
Coronation	When a king or queen is given the crown